

Subject :- s.st

27.05.2020

Class 8

Teacher Amresh Kumar

Topic Natural vegetation

India has a wide variety of natural vegetation.

This is mainly because of two factors- -

Variations in the amount of rainfall and variation in the land form feature. A major part of the original vegetation cover, however has been remove to meet the demand for more farm land and human habitation.

The major vegetation types of India are----

- Tropical evergreen forests**
- Tropical deciduous forest**
- Thorn forest**
- Mountain forests**
- Tidal forests**

1. Tropical evergreen forests:-

They are also called tropical rainforests.

They are found in areas with more than 200 cm of annual rainfall and a short dry season.

2. Tropical deciduous forest:-

They are also called monsoon forests as they are very typical of regions with a monsoon climate. They are found in areas with annual rainfall between 100 and 200 cm, with a long dry season.

3. Thorn forest:-

4. They are found in areas with less than 100 cm of annual rainfall. Thorn forest are found in Rajasthan Gujarat, Punjab, Haryana, drier parts of Uttar Pradesh , Madhya Pradesh and Deccan plateau.

Next day you will move on other kinds of forests.

Home assignments:-

- Read and write all kinds of forests and remember.**

Subject Tr. Amresh Kumar